

Innovative Intersection Lighting Design For Pedestrians

Justin R. Reck, FDOT

Jennifer McKinney, FDOT

Richard Endrzejewski, PE, Element Engineering Group

Danny Hendrickson, PE, PTOE, ICON Consultant Group

Problem - Pedestrian Crashes at Night

Causes:

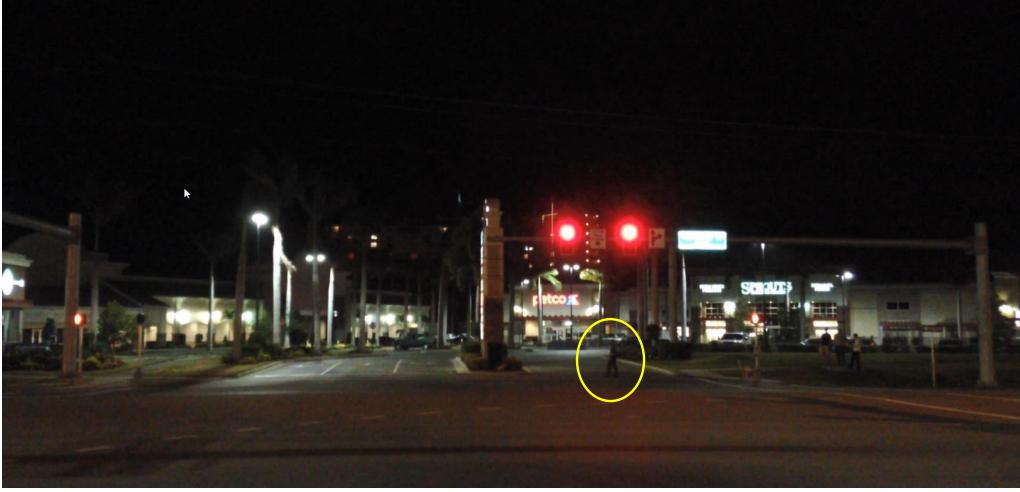
- No street lighting
- Insufficient lighting at signalized intersections
- No sources of ambient lighting
- Pedestrians not crossing at appropriate locations
- Driver distractions

Potential Solutions:

- New conventional street lighting
- Add or retrofit existing street lighting at signalized intersection



Problem – Poor Crosswalk Lighting





Bright Idea!



SOLUTION:

Add a LED fixture to the mast arm to light the crosswalks.

CHALLENGES:

- What fixtures do you use and is it on the APL?
- How do you mount the fixture?
- Will the mast arm support the load?
- Mast arm location vs. crosswalk location.
- Is it possible to adapt statewide?
- What are the impacts to drivers?





Ultimate Goals

- Increase pedestrian visibility at night in crosswalks
- Reduce nighttime crashes
- Additional option for analysis
 - Light the un-lightable
- Provide a supplement for conventional lighting
- Create a cost-effective solution



Keep An Open Mind!

- We are currently studying the feasibility and application of this idea.
- Not currently approved to be used statewide.
- Products used in the study are not on the Approved Products List (APL)



Lighting Analysis



New Signalized Intersection Lighting Criteria

- Horizontal Illumination 3.0 foot-candles
- Vertical Illumination 2.3 foot-candles
 - Driver's view of pedestrian in crosswalk
 - Thru near side
 - LT/RT far side

Table 7.3.3 Signalized Intersection Lighting Urban 3 to Urban 5 Designated Areas*

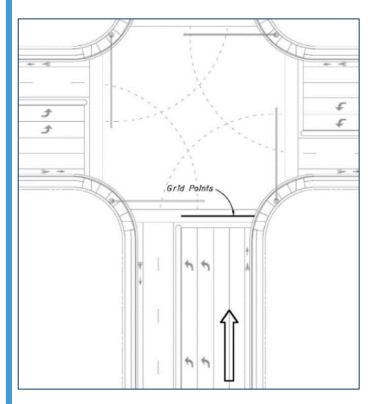
ROADWAY CLASSIFICATIONS				ILLUMINATION UNIFORMITY RATIOS		
			AVG./MIN.	MAX./MIN.	Lv (max)/ L avg	
	Horizontal (H.F.C.)	3.0	4:1 or Less	10:1 or Less	0.3:1 or Less	
MAJOR ARTERIALS	Vertical (V.F.C.)	2.3**	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	

Notes: * Urban 3 to Urban 5 Designated Area are defined in the <u>RCI Features & Characteristics</u>
<u>Handbook,</u> Urban Classification – Feature 124, Urban Size

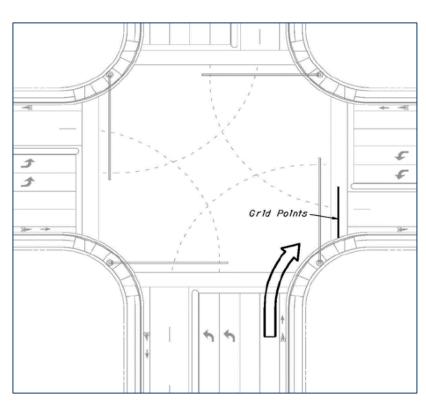
^{**} Vertical illumination value is only valid for new projects or where the intersection is being reconstructed. The vertical illumination is a target value and may not be achievable for all traffic movements.



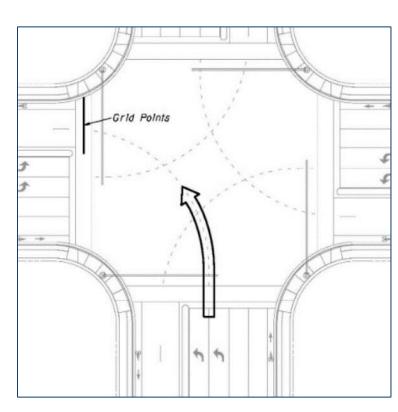
Vertical Illumination – Turning Movements



Near-side Thru



Right Turn



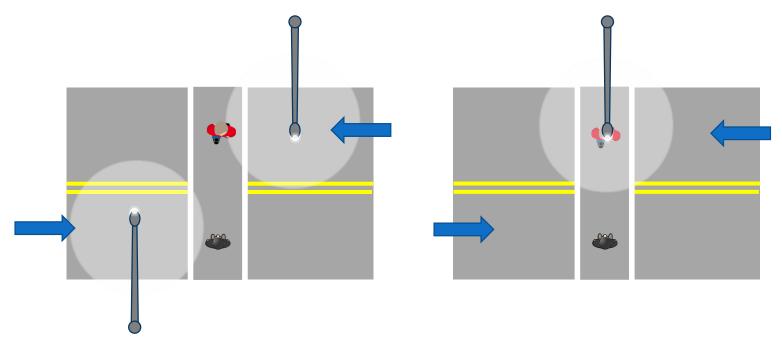
Left Turn





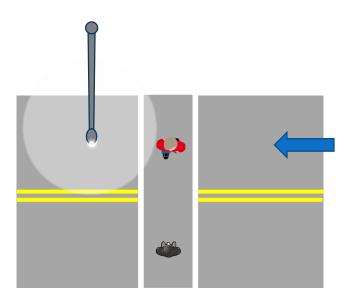
Vertical Illumination - Design

- Luminaire Placement
 - Mast Arm vs Crosswalk Location



New Crosswalk Lighting Design

Old Crosswalk Lighting Design



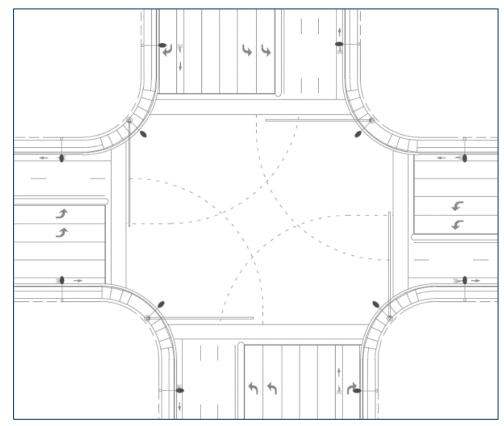
Typical Existing Mast Arm Layout



Vertical Illumination – Lighting Layout

PPM Layout - 12 Light Poles

- Design Constraints
 - Utilities Above/Below Ground
 - Right of Way
- Cost
 - Roughly \$6,000 per Light Pole



PPM Figure 7.3.4: Typical Lighting Layout for Large Intersection

Source: FDOT Plans Preparation Manual, 2017

Research & Development

- Light Bars
 - Poor Roadway Photometrics
 - Didn't Meet Spec
 - Mounting Issues

Manufacturer	Model	Picture	Price	Lumens	Watts	Size (L/W/H) (in)	Weight (lbs)	APL?	Meet Spec? IP66 ¹ 4000K ²
Rough Country	CREE LED Light Bar	Ple	\$ 310.00	23,000	288	50 x 3 x 4	N/A	NO	ý
Super Bright LEDs	HBL Linear Series		\$ 400.00	16,000	150	5 x 47 x 4		NO	NO IP65 ¹ 5000K ²
CREE	EDGE Transportation		\$ 918.00	5,000 - 28,000	46 - 263	18 x 12 x 9 18 x 21 x 9	34 - 55	NO*	YES YES
Visionaire	Bow			4,000 - 16,000	38 - 140	30 x 6 x 4 47 x 6 x 4	18 - 22	NO*	YES YES
GE	Albeo Linear		\$ 370.00	3,300 - 14,800	23 - 117	51 x 7 x 5 98 x 7 x 5	8 - 19	NO*	NO IP65 ¹
Ecosense	TROV L50		\$ 850.00	901/LF	12/LF	2.4 x 2.4 x 12	2 lb / 1' 10 lb / 4'	NO	YES YES



Research & Development

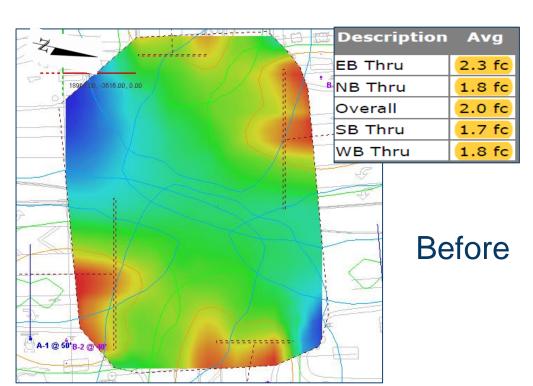
- Standard Fixtures
 - APL Manufacturers for Smaller Versions of APL Fixtures
 - 20 lb vs 40+ lb APL Fixture
 - Type II, III, IV Distributions
 - Scalable Lumen Output

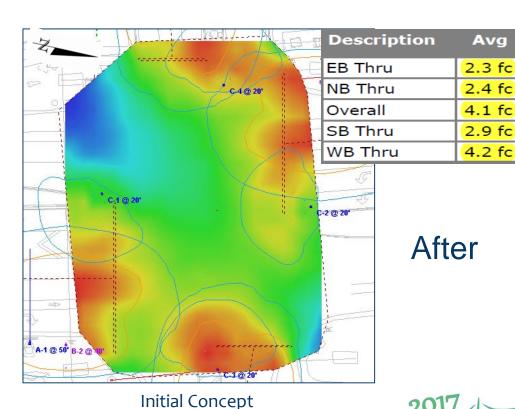
Manufacturer	Model	Picture	Price	Lumens	Lumens in Analysis	Watts	Size (L/W/H) (in)	Effective Projected Area	Weight (lbs)
GE	LED Area Light N Series EANB		\$625	4000 - 13,000	6200	58	14 x 16 x 4	0.43 ft ²	19
GE	LED Roadway ERL1		\$300	4000 - 13,000	5800	53	22 x 13 x 4	0.5 ft ²	15
American Electric Lighting (AEL)	АТВМ		\$350	7000 - 17000	7000	60	28 x 13 x 4	0.3 ft ²	21
American Electric Lighting (AEL)	ATB0		\$350	5000 - 15000	5500	48	27 x 8 x 4	0.76 ft ²	14



Research & Development

- Analysis
 - Before: Standard 40' Shoulder Mount 1 per Approach
 - After: Standard 40' Poles + 4-20' Mast Arm Mounted Fixtures







- Why does it need to be reviewed?
 - Ensure public safety
 - Ensures light does not rotate into the travel path
 - Identify if mounting a lighting fixture to the mast arm is feasible
 - Evaluate structural integrity of the complete mast-arm assembly
 - Includes arm, upright and foundation elements
 - Ensure the existing structure is not overstressed
 - Understand allowable variance
 - Weight, available wind area, future mast-arm mounted elements, etc.



- What was reviewed? District One Structures Design Office
 - Combined Stress Ratios (CSR) for mast arms, uprights, and anchor bolts
 - Proposed Wind Loading
 - Case 1:
 - 170 mph for Sarasota County per 2017 Structures Design Guide (SDG)
 - Case 2:
 - Reduced Wind Recurrence Intervals per Traffic Operations Bulletin 01-12
 - Structural integrity of mast arms
 - Existing plans and shop drawings
 - Light fixture and bracket connection to mast arm, including resistance to rotation
 - Environmental Impacts

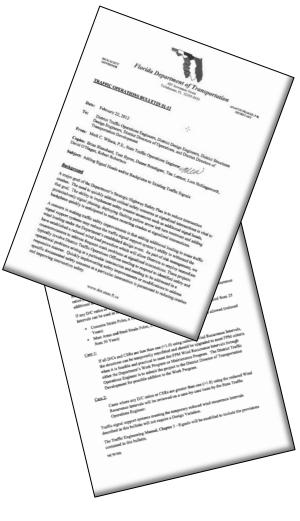


Image: FDOT.gov http://www.fdot.gov/traffic/doc_library/PDF/Memos/traffic%200 ps%20bulletin%2001-12%20traffic%20signal%20loading.pdf



- How we decided on the placement & bracket
 - Pedestrian lighting placement need
 - Optimal placement for meeting Standards
 - Safety of the traveling public
 - Mast-arm assembly stress ratio limits based on applied wind loading
 - Rotation resistance capacity of the bracket
 - Potential driver impacts



FLORIDA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

FDOT STRUCTURES MANUAL

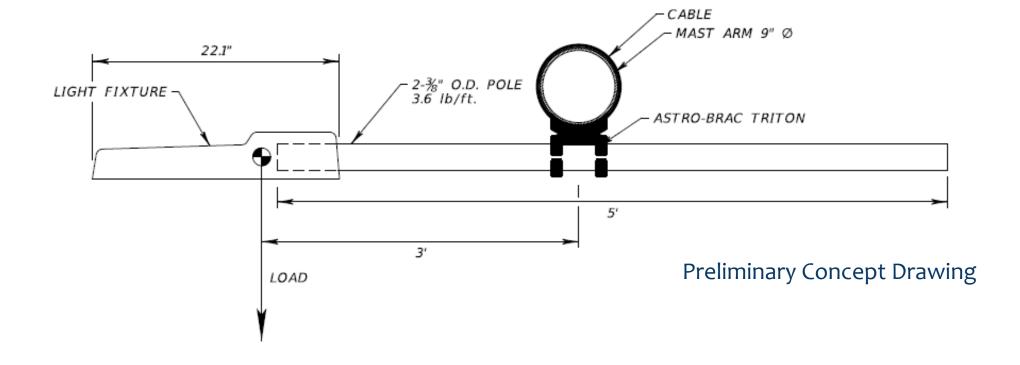
ne 3 - FDOT Modifications to LRFDLTS-1

Calculations

- Ensure that the bracket and bracket arm could withstand anticipated loading
- Ensure that the existing structure could support the proposed loads from the light fixture, bracket, and bracket arm



Structural Concerns



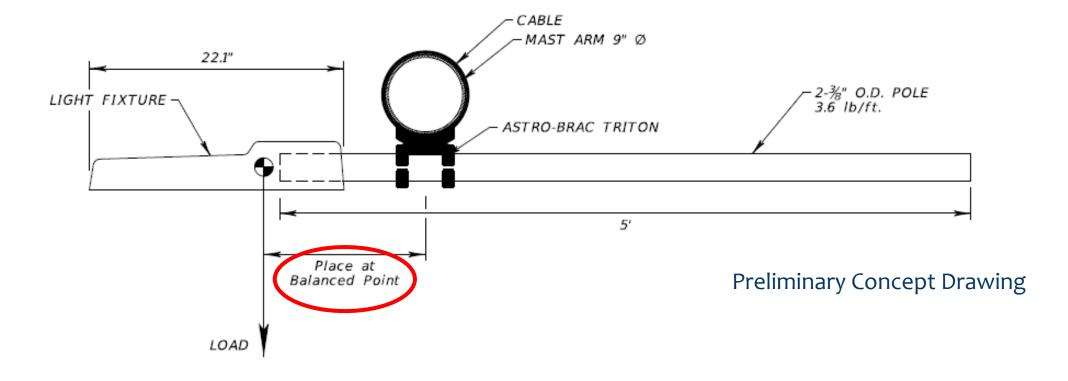
Will the fixture rotate?

No, the Bracket has a minimum rotational resistance of 600 ft/lbs

(based on a 4" mast arm diameter)



Structural Concerns



Will the fixture rotate?

No, the Bracket has a minimum rotational resistance of 600 ft/lbs

(based on a 4" mast arm diameter)



Fitting the pieces together



Fitting the pieces together – Light Fixtures

GE Evolve LED Roadway Lighting
ERL1 - Cobrahead
(15.5 lbs, EPA 0.5 sq.-ft.)



Image: http://www.estudiosdeiluminacion.com/wp-content/uploads/2015/05/OLP3093-GE-LED-Evolve-Low-Wattage-Street-Light-ERL1-Data-Sheet tcm201-919591-e1432856054275.bmp

GE Evolve LED Roadway Lighting
EANB – Area Light
(19.0 lbs, EPA 0.43 sq.-ft.)



Image: GE Lighting http://www.gelighting.com/LightingWeb/na/images/GE-Evolve-LED-Area-Light-EANA-MG6466-855x60o_tcm201-88615.jpg



Fitting the pieces together – Pipe and Bracket

Pipe

Galvanized Steel

Dia. = 2 - 3/8" O.D.

Tk. = 1/8" Min.

Length = 5'(3.6 lb./ft.)



Image: tasnimnews.com https://tse4.mm.bing.net/th?id=OIP.s1ubXYrgWw6eIFeW6F9CBgEsDQ&w=291&h=202&c=7&qIt=90&o=4&pid=1.7

Mast Arm Bracket

3-Cable (separate, adjustable)
Dia. =2- 3/8" O.D.

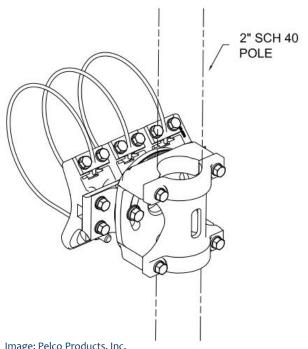


Image: Pelco Products, Inc. https://www.pelcoinc.com/wp-content/uploads/2016/06/Z-2053-TritonCableMnt.pdf



Fitting the pieces together – Pipe and Bracket

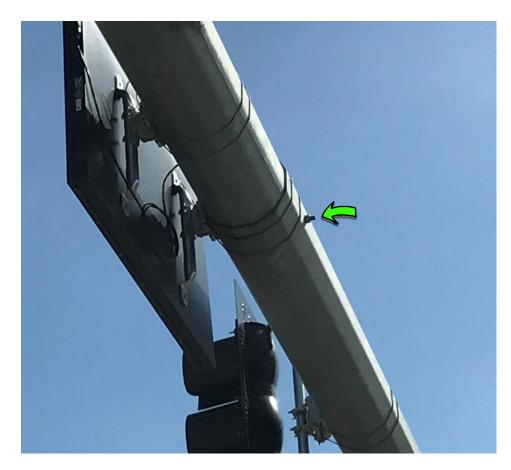




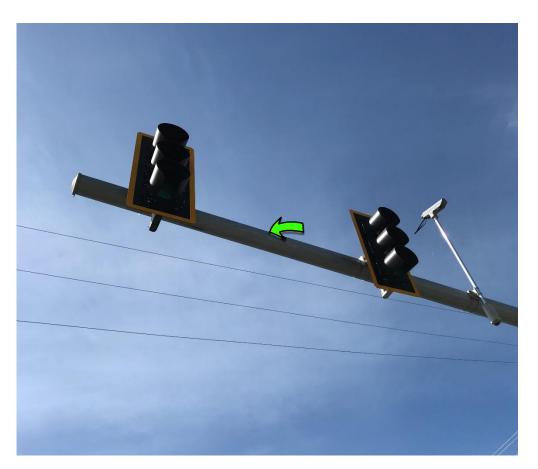




Construction Concerns



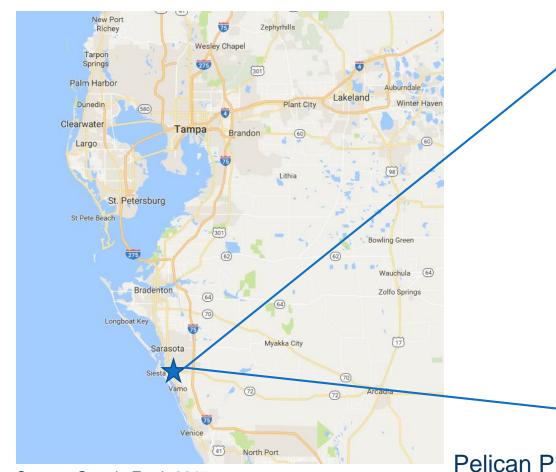
Mast Arm Rotating – No, Bolt is present



Signal Head Location



Test Intersection - US 41 at Club Drive, Sarasota County



Source: Google Earth 2017



Pelican Plaza Shopping Center 8308 S Tamiami Trail, Sarasota, FL 34238



Existing Conditions

- Rural four lane divided highway
- 45 mph speed limit
- Conventional HPS lighting on 50-ft poles on the east side.
- No intersection lighting
- Mast arm in each quadrant



Existing Conditions



Northwest corner of the intersection



Data Collection



Measuring Light Levels – Data Collection



Painted Orange Dots





Measuring Light Levels – Data Collection



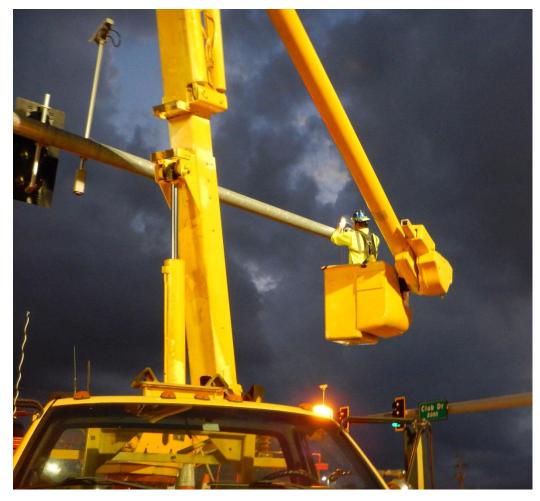


2017 Sample Suppose Su

Installation



Installation



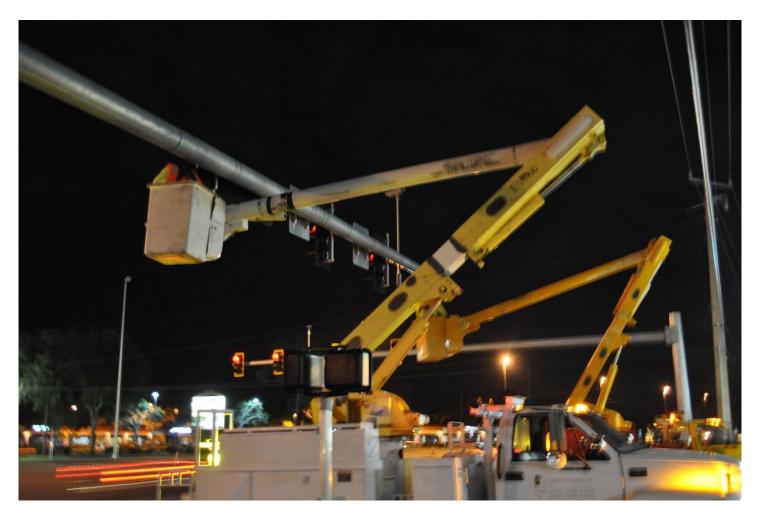
Install Mast Arm Bracket



Insert Pipe and Mount Luminaire 2017



Installation





Big Reveal!



Let's see how it looks....



COMPARISON VIDEOS



After Installed on all 4 Mast Arms – Facing South



Comparison Video – Before & After Pelican Plaza Driveway



After Installed on all 4 Mast Arms – Facing North





Before with Dark Clothes (West Leg)





After with Dark Clothes (West Leg)





Before with Light Clothes (South Leg)

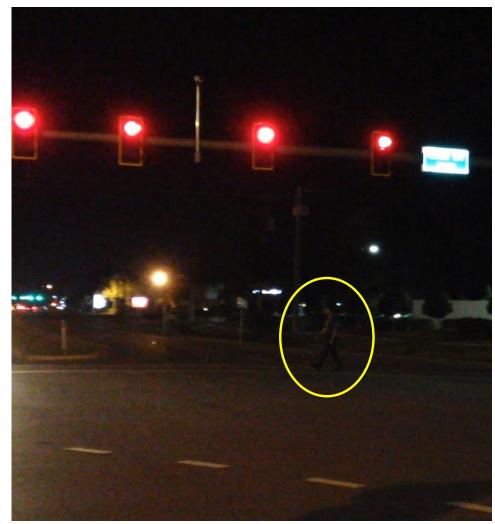




After with Light Clothes (South Leg)



COMPARISON PHOTOS - Walking



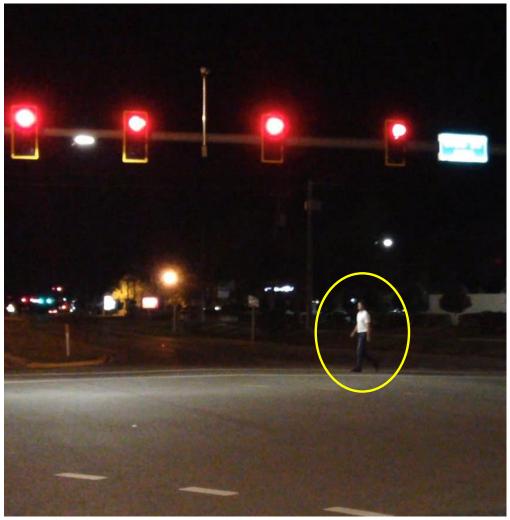


Before and After with Dark Clothes (South Leg)



COMPARISON PHOTOS - Walking





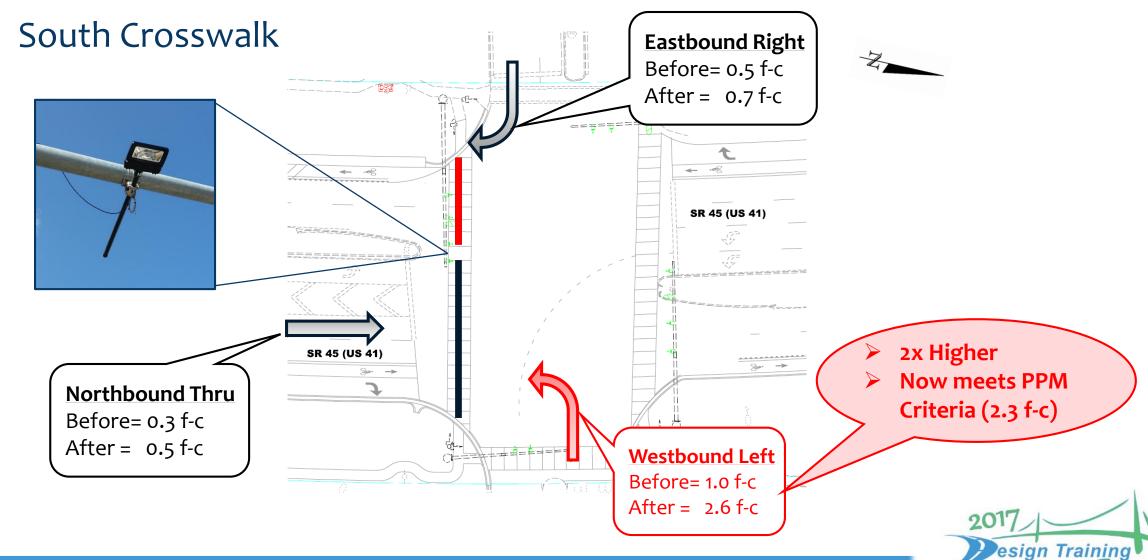
Before and After with Light Clothes (South Leg)



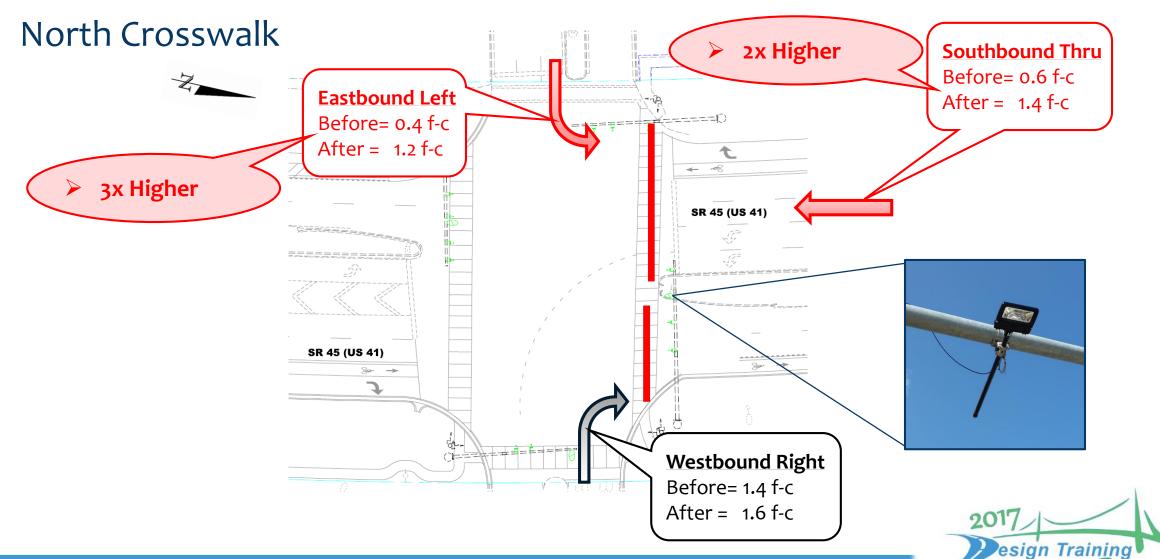
Before and After Light Levels



Vertical Illumination – Before/After



Vertical Illumination – Before/After



Sample Exist. 4-Lane Urban Intersection

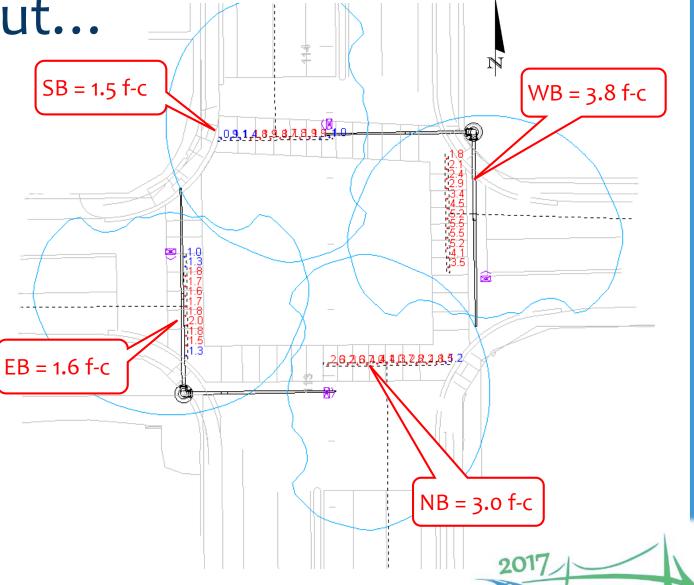
Did It Work? Yes, but...

Still in test phase

 Mast arm and crosswalk placement is key

 Supplement, not replacement, to standard light poles

 Meets Retrofit Criteria (1.5 f-c) using only 4 mast arm mounted luminaires



Field Test Questions/Concerns

Luminaire mounted between signal heads

- Does it light the Crosswalk?
 - YES
 - General concurrence during field observations
 - Big Reveal video
- Too bright or distracting?
 - NO
 - General concurrence during vehicle test runs
 - Picture of luminaire between signal heads



Looking south from the stop bar



Ultimate Goal



Reduce nighttime crashes

Additional option for analysis

Light the un-lightable

Provide a supplement for conventional lighting

Create a cost-effective solution



Where do we go from here?

- Prepare a feasibility report
- Meet with District and Central Office staff to discuss findings
- Prepare for eventual developmental implementation
 - Specifications
 - Standards
- Look to incorporate this concept within the US 41 projects.
 - Utilize a Technical Special Provision



Coordination



Coordination & Special Thanks

- Partnerships
 - FDOT District One and Central Office Leadership
 - District Structures
 - Manatee Operations Center
 - Maintenance of Traffic via Acme Barricades (Contract)
 - Sarasota County
 - Traffic Operations
 - B & E Signal & Lighting, Inc. (Contractor)
 - Maintenance
 - Element Engineering Group
 - ICON Consultant Group
 - Fixtures donated by DOT Lighting and Current, Powered by GE



Questions?



Project Questions:

Justin R. Reck
Project Manager
863-519-2502
Justin.Reck@dot.state.fl.us

Jennifer McKinney
LAP Design Project Manager
863-519-2482
Jennifer.McKinney@dot.state.fl.us

